their ardor and energy to suitable forms henevolent work is surely one of the highest duties of the church. We feel that our Sunday-schools have not as yet realized this vast possibility; but the home is the great nur-sery of religious faith and life. They one-sided theories of concession which prevent our looking for signs of the religious faith and life, with the dawn of intelligence and the first development of will. False tests, in which the nature of the child is quite forgotten, prevent us from finding them. We would that parents should feel that they can hardly look too early for the faint begin nings of the spiritual life in the hearts of their children, nor too carefully foster them. At the same time we must insist, as we have always done, that the mature religious life should be definite and conscious. It may arise as gradually and gently as a summer morning breaks. It ought to become as clear and self-attesting as the summer noon. The education of our young people is of great concern to us. We shall never cease to oppose every system of national education which unduly favors any particular church. In these days, when out of science is perversely forged a weapon to attack our faith, one of the foremost duties of every church is to guard her sons against the danger and enable them to do something to vindicate for true science its high place as a handmaid of pure religion. To this end we rejoice in the formation of higher schools, and in every step which tends to give us our right place in the university systems of the various lands in which our people dwell.

THE MISSION CAUSE. Among the foremost objects of our interest are the foreign missions of our church. The motte of our founder, "The world is my parish," has never ceased to echo in the hearts of his spiritual children. Some of the brightest pages in our annals tell the story of the patience, the sacrifice and triumphs of our brethren on the mission field. In the present day, when our numbers are increasing and our resources growing, when through the inquiry of scholars, the adventure of travelers, the enterprise of traders and the spread of the Anglo-American peoples, the world is becoming known and open and the call of God is loud in every listening ear, it is impossible for our missionary arder to decline. We acknowledge with joy the increasing activity of some of our churches and especially what our women are doing for their heathen sisters. Against the trade in spirits and the trade in opium, which are doing much to defeat and discredit our missions in Africa and China, we shall never cease

While loving all them that love God, and dedesiring closer co-operation with them in His service, we renew our protest against every ecclesiastical system which invades the rights of conscience, which claims to be the only channel of the infinite grace of our Lord Jesus Christ and sets up a human priest as an indispensable mediator between man and God. Let us beware of taking a narrower view of our mission and our resources. Let order be harmonized with the free play of individuality, and let us impose no limits upon reverent inquiry.

ple in number, and wealth, and power has laid us under a great responsibility. It seems probable that before long Methodists will constitute nearly a fourth of the people who use the English tongue. We are a of growing importance in that race which by a restless e is spreading its dominion, its trade and its civilization over vast regions of every continent. Let us rise to the height of our calling. We ought to go wherever our race goes, to multiply our churches and to increase our communication, and so become a bond of union among the widespread people of English blood. And we should strive to check that dangerous temper into which adventurous and govern races so easily fall, so shall we do our duty to our fellow-men and play our part in the great plan of God. Before another ecu menical council the world will have passed into another century. Ten critical years of th swiftly moving modern world will have rolled away. Opportunities will have offered themselves which will never come again. We pray that our churches may clearly see and rightly interpret the signs of the times, and, discerning the will of God, may yield themselves to it. Through the reading of the word of God regular seasons of prayer in secret in the family and in the church, the class-meeting, public worship and the holy sacrament, where we remember that the Lord gave himself for us and gives himself to us, from these are drawn the grace of life. In them we learn to do justly and have mercy and walk humbly with our God and gather that wisdom and strength

ful and finest observance the week of prayer which will shortly be held throughout the Methodist world. Now the God of peace, that brought again from the dead our Lord Jesus Christ, that great shepherd of the sheep, through the blood of the everlasting covenant, make you perfect in every good work to do His will, working in you that which is well pleasing in His sight through Jesus Christ, to whom the glory forever and ever,

without which our vast enterprises are folly and

vanity. We especially commend to your faith

At the conclusion of the reading the address was unanimously adopted without amendment by the conference. It will be signed by all of the officers who have presided over the conference and by the four secretaries and will then be distributed by the senior bishops and presidents of Methodist conferences throughout the world as an embodiment of the views of the Ecumenical Conference respecting the present state and future of Methodism.

STATISTICS OF THE CHURCH. Over 25,000,000 Adherents to Methodism

in the World, The eleventh day's session of the cor ference opened with Mr. William Marden of the Wesleyan Reform Union, England in the chair. The secretary acknowledged the receipt of resolutions concerning civil liberty and the imperial power of the papacy and the subject of combinations of labor and capital, and they were referred to the business committee. The busines committee made a report on the sub ject of a week of prayer, recom

mending that the week beginning Nov. 15 next, be set aside for that purpose and inviting all of the senior bishops and presidents of conferences represented in the council to sign a call to all the Methodists. The report was adopted after a statement by Dr. King that the eastern delegates had taken the same action as that proposed before coming to the conference.

Through Mr. McLaren, the committee on Methodist statistics made a report, which in substance states that returns had been obtained from all churches represented in the conference, and tabulated, first, geographically, and second, ecclesiastically. The term "adherents" included in every case ministers and members as well as families connected with the congregations. In some cases estimates were made, but in no case do they exceed the figures given in the government census and in some cases they are below. While no official statistics were adopted by the London ecumenical conference, the figures show that since that conference there has been an increase of 3 per cent. in Methodist believers. Some of the details of the report were read by Rev. Dr. Morley as follows:

Eastern Seel'n.		Members.	Adherents
Europe Asia Africa	4,491 533	915,284 34,334 71,147	4,209,601 114,968 283,376
and Polyne-	786	93,140	488,183
	The second secon	The second second second	

6,094 1,113,905 5,096,12 Western Fee'n ... 36,601 5,350,494 20,281,967 Grand Totals. 42,695 6,494,399 25,378,104 The report which was, as explained, not quite complete, was criticised by several members, one, Dr. Turner, of England, holding that it would, if adopted, vitiate

each item of the report stating the basis of estimate, and with an amendment in this respect the report was adopted. The business committee acknowledged the receipt of a memorial concerning the recognition of the visit of the President of the United States to the conference. A resolution was adopted making to-morrow's | dulged in by not a few Christian professession the last of the conference.

the returns in England. Dr. Stephenson

suggested that a foot note be attached to

REPRESENTATION IN THE NEXT COUNCIL. Dr. Hamilton presented the report of the committee on an executive commission

The report was as follows: The committee to whom was referred the questions concerning a third ecumenical Methodist conference recommend that such a conference be held in the year 1901 subject to the approval and direction of all the several bodies of Methodists. The committee respectfully recommends the appointment of an executive commission which shall be constituted on the basis of the organization of the Ecumenical Conference and which slall consist of eighty members. The commission shall be divided into two sections. called, respectively, the Western section, to consist of fifty members, and the Eastern section, to

consist of thirty members. The executive commission of the Eastern sec tion shall be distributed among the various branches of Methodism represented in that section as follows: Wesleyan, 11 members; Irish Methodists, 2; Methodist New Connection, 2; Primitive Methodist, 2; Bible Christians, 2 United Methodist Free Church, 3; Australian Methodist, 1; French Methodist, 1; Wesleyan Reform Union, 1; United Free Gospel Churches, 1;

South African Methodists, 1; West Indian Meth-The Western section shall be distributed as fol-

Methodst Church in Canada, 4; African Methodist Episcopal Church, 3; African Methodist Episcopal Zion. 3: Colored Methodist Episcopal. 1: Methodist Protestant, 1; United Brethren in Christ, 1: Wesleyan American, 1; Union American Methodist Episcopal. 1; African Union Methodist Episcopal, i; Free Methodist, 1; Congregational Methodist, 1; Primitive Methodist, 1; British Methodist, 1; Independent Methodist, 1 United Brethren in Christ (old constitution) 1

Evangelical Association, 1 Among other duties the commission is to make the necessary arrangements for the next conference, subject to the approval of the several churches represented. The report met with some opposition from Dr. Embry, of the A. M. E. Church, objecting to the small number of members allowed for his church, and Dr. Buckley, of New York, holding that the proposed action was unnecessary and dangerous. Mr. Atkinson, of England, did not relish the minority representation accorded the Eastern section, but thought that after all the Englishmen would be able to hold the balance of power. He hoped and expected that the next Ecumenical Conference would be held in Australia. After some discussion the further consideration of the report went over until to-morrow. SUNDAY AMUSEMENTS.

Bishop E. R. Hendrix, of the M. E. Church South, Kansas City, occupied the chair at the afternoon session. The first essay was on "The Lord's Day," by Rev. T.

G. Stewart, of the A. M. E. Church of Baltimore. He said it should not be a day of amusement, but a day sacred to the Lord. Rev. T. Bromage, of the Weslevan Reform Union, said that it should be observed as the Lord's day in our homes, not with long faces, sad spirits, but as a bright,

happy day. Thomas Ruddle, B. A., head master Bible Christian College, Shebbear, Devon, Eng., was the next speaker. His subject was the attitude of the church towards amusements. He said in part: There is nothing in the spirit of the New Testament opposed to a moderate and rational use of amusements. The Romanists have made it a "council of perfection" to live unnatural, and the Puritans have fastened a yoke unbearable on every single believer. And both have utterly failed in their purpose. Whatever may be the duty of the church towards amusements, it is obviously not her duty to be hostile towards them.

Rev. Bishop C. D. Foss, of the M. L. Church, Philadelphia, said the urgent need of children was play. As for the athletics, the joilier the better if they were harmless. But if the training made nothing but splendid brutes church colleges should put them out. The Sunday paper was indictable beforethe bar of God, and the church stood

with it particeps criminis. Rev. Frank Ballard, of England, said that the practical question was not whether Sunday rest was right and necessary, but how it was to be obtained, and that was the question that faced the Methodists in England.

Rev. J. W. Haney, of the M. E. Church, Illinois, denied that the church was responsible for the Sunday newspaper. It should condemn every amusement, such as the theater, which habitually caricatured thechurch, and also the Sunday newspaper. Mr. J. E. Bolmer, of Manchester, England, said that the strange thing was that the church had failed to recognize the need of the people for amusement. He strolled once into the Lyceum Theater and found so many preachers there that he thought for the time he was in an ecumenical council. People would go to theaters; the theaters were full while the chapels were half empty. The church should purify the theater, and to do it church members would have to go there. |Cries of "Oh, no," and

You're right." Rev. Mr. Hubbard, of the A. M. E. Church feared that the gates were too widely opened. "We have got in the dance and the theater, and by and by we will get in the circus," said he.

Dr. Waller thought it would be a mistake to prescribe any particular rules to govern in the matter of amusements. He called attention to the Roman Catholic prohibition of amusements during forty days every year. Teater-going, card-playing and dancing should be condemed outright. and ministers who winked at them failed in their duty.

The regular programme ended at this

THE VICES OF SOCIETY. Lotteries, Betting and Gambling Discussed

by Delegates-Marriage and Divorce. The topic of the day, "The Church and Public Morality," was then taken up. In the unavoidable absence of Hon. B. W. B. Hill, of Macon. Ga., his essay on "Legal Restraint on the Vices of Society" was read by Rev. Dr. W. B. Tudor, of Richmond, Va. "We are sometimes told," he began, "by

those who admit that legal restraint of the vices of society is within the jurisdiction of the State that such legislation is nugatory. 'You cannot make men moral by act of parliament.' So runs the threadbare pathos of this wornout pastoral. Now, if this means that law cannot generate inward righteousness, it is true; but those who saw the air with this old saw very well know that the friends of moral legislation do not propose to accomplish by it any such result; for statutes of every kind assume to deal only with men's acts-not with intentions or motives. The rules of the churches never created inward holiness-that is not their function in church economy, but they serve as an inferential and wholesome discipline of conduct, and thus they help to make men moral by law. Did not the law that chartered the Louisiana State Lottery and authorized its roving commission of infamy through mails and newspapers, did not such legislalation, by furnishing the means and inducements of an immoral temptation, make men immoral by law? Can there be a doubt that the act of Congress which has closed the mails and press to the lottery's nefarions schemes has diminished this immorality, and therefore made moral with respect to this vice the conduct of many whose conduct the opposite state of the law made immoral? May the law precede or must it simply follow public sentiment in attempt-

ing to control the vices of society? "There are two schools of thought, one insisting that the law should hold aloft a standard of conduct sufficiently above the level of average opinion to become a guide and a beacon; the other insisting that the standard should be below the level of average public sentiment or only parallel with it in order to prevent the scandal which arises from a breach of law in its non-enforcement. The truth is that there is very little danger of the enactment of a law under representative government in advance of the working beliefs of at least a majority of the community, and yet to cite an instance in the current discussions and campaigns relating to the suppression of the saloon, we find many persons who profess to be sincerely in favor of the suppression opposing it on the ground that the public mind is not ready for the move-

BETTING AND GAMBLING. Rev. Joseph Posnett, of the Wesleyan Methodist Church, Hull, England, delivered the first appointed address of the morning session. His special subject was "Legal Restraint on the Vices of Society." "Betting and gambling," he said, "is a present day question and is of all-concerning importance. Possibly one of the very worst forms of gambling-gambling practiced on a colossal scale, and gambling insors-is the gambling of the Stock Exchange. Talk of a frantic, fanatical, uproarious enthusiasm on matters religious as something to be condemned. For my part I have never seen or heard anything in connection with the wildest religious excitement at all comparable with what I saw for the space of half an hour in Wall street, in New York. No doubt the gambling of the Stock Exchange differs widely in form and expression from the gambling of the turf and the dice. But in spirit the manifestation of an ever-grasping, all-devouring, all-consuming coveteousness is

one and the same thing. Judge H. L. Sibley, of Marietta, O. whose topic was "Marriage and Divorce Laws," said his time would better be spent in stating the doctrine of morals involved, so making clear the principles which should mold the civil law, than in a sketch of its history or digest of its provisions. The speaker's proposition was that a right to divorce is complimental to and demanded by the right to marriage, not only in case of adultery, but also of desertion. Marriage was a means, not an end. Special cases excepted, God and nature had made the relation, the universal right of

tion deprived the innocent party of these, unless made a ground of divorce. A primal law of relations is mutual society and helpfulness. This desertion wickedly violated. Hence in reason it is a cause for divorce. The gist of it all is in the principle, deducible alike from reason and Scripture, that the right to marriage, in its essential benefits, and as the only condition for righteous propagation, becomes paramount to the rule of its permanence, in case of wrong to an innocent partner, whereby the fundamental obligations of the relation are abnegated. This view of the institution makes its great ends, moral and social, more important than technical preservation of its naked bond, as manifestly they are. It looks on the union also in its real character of a means divinely adopted to work out noble results for those within its bond, and not in any case a chain to bind the good after the bad have broken and repudiated it. Moreover, we believe it accords perfectly with the Scriptures, so read as to give the life of their spirit on the whole subject of marriage. Finally, it leaves to innocent parties an escape from propagation with the foulness of known adultery, and from being forced by the wickedness of desertion into the life of a celebate.

Rev. Dr. Simon, of England, said that the spirit of the English delegates coming here had been stirred at the prevalence of gambling and betting on the transstlantic steamers, and suggested an expression of opinion on the subject by the conference.

AFTER HOEY'S ASSETS.

The Express Company Sues, and the Ex-

Official Gets Rid of His Property. TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 19.—The Adams Express Company, through President Henry Sanford, to-day filed a bill against ex-President John Hoey to recover about seven hundred and tifty thousand dollars he is alleged to have misappropriated. The only new allegation is that he fraudulently used the Adams express check to pay off a \$100,000 mortgage executed to the Guarantee Trust Company of Philadelphia, by Mrs. Hoey. The complaint asks for a full accounting by the defendant and a lien on Holly wood (Long Branch), where the complaint believes most of the money went. Permission was asked to sell the shares of the Southern Express Company which Hoey de-posited as security for \$25,000 borrowed from the Adams company.

Monmouth county clerk's office Freehold. These documents cover all Hoey's property in Long Branch. The lease is to Frederick C. Hoey, John S. Hoey's youngest son, is for twelveyears, and covers the Holly wood Park, the Hollywood Hotel and cottages, swimming pools, etc. One mortgage is to William M. Fliess, trustee, for \$30,000, another mortgage is to Frederick C. Hoey, as trustee, for

Summons Served on Ex-President Hoey. NEW YORK, Oct. 19 .- Deputy Sheriff Stevens found and served upon John Hoey, the deposed president of the Adams Express Company, at Delmonico's this morning, the summons in the suit brought by Henry Sanford, Hoey's successor, in his official capacity, to recover over \$700,000 alleged to have been misappropriated.

Other Business Embarrassments. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 12.-The Allcott Packing Company, of Armourdale, Kan., made an assignment late this evening to J. J. Squires, president of the Interstate National Bank at the stockyards. The liabilities of the company are \$100,000. The assets are something in excess of that figure. The company does a general meat-packing

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 19 .- Jonathan Stewart, through his counsel, ex-Judge Lanning, to-day made an assignment, George R. Whittaker being the assignee. The liabilities foot up \$329,000 and the assets about \$185,000. The liabilities include numerous indorsements for the Trenton China and Star Rubber Company, which failed a few months ago. All the Trenton banks suffer. CHICAGO, Oct. 19.-This morning Judge Collins appointed James Lloyd receiver for the Economic Mutual Live-stock Insurance Company, on a petition filed by the Attorney-general. The insolvency of the company was admitted by the officers.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Thirteen smugglers were captured on San Juan island, near Port Townsend, Wash., Sunday, by the revenue cutter Wal-

Steamers arriving at New York from Europe yesterday and Sunday brought in \$1,550,000 gold, making the total received from Europe to date \$17,046,000.

The statue of Admiral Farragut, by H. H. Kitson, for the city of Boston, has been completed at a cost of \$22,500, and is said by critics to be a master piece in composition and modelling.

In the will of the late Judge Edwin Flint, of Mason City, Ia., among other liberal educational bequests, is one for \$50,-000 to the State University of Vermont, from which he graduated.

The American Public Health Association will begin its annual convention in Kansas City to-day. The association's membership includes physicians and scientists in all parts of the North American continent. George W. Wicks, capitalist and lumberdealer, was found dead yesterday in his room at the Pacific Union Club, San Franisco. He had shot himself through

head with a revolver. The suicide is attributed to ill health. H. A. P. Carter, Hawaiian minister to the United States, who is lying ill in New York, was no better yesferday. He has a complication of kidney, lung and heart troubles, combined with dropsy. There is little hope for his recovery.

A dispatch from Amesbury, Mass., says there is no truth in the report that the poet Whittier is seriously 1ll. Judge Cate, with whom Mr. Whittier lives, says that his health is as good as usual. Mr. Whittier called on several of his neighbors Saturday. It is said that the Sultan has signified to Russia his disapproval of the proposed passage of a ship-of-war carrying the Russian Grand Duke George through the Dardanelles, and that the Porte is preparing to fortify the entrance to the Bosphorus from

The two thousand foreigners whom the coal operators threatened to bring to Pittsburg to take the places of the striking coalminers, did not arrive yesterday. The strikers are in better spirits, but are still apprehensive that the operators will carry

out their threats. Wm. Huyler and his wife, an aged couple, were killed at the West Shore crossing. near Bergen Fields, N. J., yesterday. Mr. Huyler was driving across the track, and did not see an approaching train, which struck his vehicle, smashed it to atoms and

killed its occupants. The noted telescope-makers, Alvah G. and George B. Clarke, of Cambridge, Mass., are to dissolve partnership. This step is taken for the sole reason that Mr. George B., the senior member, is physically unable to continue in active business, and desires to be relieved of all responsibility.

Mr. Gustav Stein, the musical critic of the New York Staats Zeitung, who was recently bitten by a spider, died yesterday. Death is said to be the result of pneumonia and heart failure, as the doctors say the plood poisoning resulting from the spider's bite had nothing to do with Mr. Stein's The United States revenue cutter Rich-

ard Rush left San Francisco vesterday for Unalaska. The vessel is ordered back to the sealing grounds, as it is reported a number of sealers, who, not satisfied with their small catch, are waiting to make descent on the rookeries when revenue vessels shall have left Behring sea. Col. Elliott F. Shepard, proprietor of the

New York Mail and Express, announces that John A. Sleicher has assumed the chief editorship of that paper, made vacant by the death of the late Maj. J. M. Bundy. Mr. Sleicher, who retires from the editorship of Frank Leslie's Weekly to accept his new place, still retains his proprietary interest in the latter publication.

The Time of Year.

This is the season of the year when the catchup bottle explodes in a way that leads visitors to believe that dynamite experiments are being conducted in the cellar.

An Early Morning Blaze. A burning shed at the rear of the Spencer

RETIRED FROM THE CABINET

Sir Henry Parkes Surrenders the Premiership of New South Wales.

Could Not Agree with His Fellow-Members on the Labor Question-Right of Asylum Recognized by the Chilian Government.

SIR HENRY PARKES.

Premier of New South Wales Resigns-Opposed to Eight Hours for Labor. SIDNEY, N. S. W., Oct. 19.-Sir Henry Parkes, Premier of New South Wales, has resigned, as a result of the defeat of the government on Thursday last. The government, it will be remembered, upon that occasion opposed a motion to the effect that the government bill regulating the mining laws should be returned to the committee



which had considered it in order that the standing that the Cabinet would resign. Sir Henry Parkes, however, was opposed to the eight-hour provision in the bill, but other members of the Cabinet were in favor of the clause. It is again said that Sir Henry Parkes, owing to his advanced age, will retire permanently to private life. The leader of the opposition, Mr. Dibbs, will form a new Cabinet.

THE RIGHT OF ASYLUM. Chilian Junta Communicates Its Recognition

to Minister Eagan. S antiago, Oct. 19 .- It is officially stated that the government has given an intimation that it will soon issue a safe conduct to those persons who have taken refuge in the American and Spanish legations. The government has recognized the right of asylum in a letter to Mr. Eagan, the United

States minister. The Spanish minister is

acting in conjunction with Mr. Eagan. The sailor of the United States steamer Baltimore, who was killed by Chilian sailors in a street brawl a few days ago. was buried at Valparaiso to-day. There was no hostile demonstration of any kind. An armed force of Americans from the steamer Baltimore were landed, and they attended the funeral unmolested. Another of the Baltimore's sailors, who was cruelly wounded in the same fight, will probably die. Captain Schley, of the Baltimore, and the local authorities of Valparaiso are investigating as to the cause of the trouble. It has already been ascertained that the Chilian mob made the attack upon the Americans, and that the onslaught was a peculiarly brutal one. The Chilians were all armed with knives and pistols, whereas were slow in using them. The Chilian sailors and boatmen and others about the water front, are still showing a bitter and relentless feeling toward Americans and making all manner of threats. The better class of Chilian people everywhere heartily condemn the brutal attack, and express hope that the country may escape the odium that arises from such lawless scenes.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS. Revival of Bull-Fighting at the City

Mexico-A Society Affair. CITY OF MEXICO, Oct. 19.-The revival of bull-fighting in the City of Mexico yesterday was in the name of charity. A committee of ladies of this capital, with Mrs. Diaz, wife of the President, at their head, organized the show for the benefit of the sufferers from the floods in Spain. It was one of the greatest spectacles of the Mexican national sport ever witnessed on the North American continent. The time set was 2:30 in the afternoon. It is estimated that twelve thousand persons were present. Two military bands were present and four companies of infantry served to insure good order. Nine bulls of celebrated breed were killed amid the braves of the spectators. The animals had been trained for the occasion and many of the matadores had narrow escapes. President Diaz and party left the ring during the killing of the eighth bull. The panderillos that had been stuck into the bulls were, after the fight. sold by peddlers at extravagant prices. This was one of the greatest sights Mexico has seen for years, and the amount received

for admission fees is supposed to reach \$25,-

Anarchists "Fire" Themselves. ERFURT, Oct. 19 .- At to-day's session of the Socialist congress. Herr Auerbach made a violent speech in defense of anarchy. This speech, full of the most bitter denunciations of the existing systems of government and society, caused such an uproar and so much protest upon the part of the more sober-minded portion of the delegates that the congress was on the point of electing a committee to consider the expulsion of the members who supported the anarchistic views of the speaker, when Herr Auerbach, who had taken his seat during the tumult, again arose, and amid a scene of uproarious disorder, announced the secession from the Socialistic party of himself and of Herr Werner, Wildberger, Schultz of Magdeburg, and Brethge of Berlin. All five of the delegates who thus severed their connection with the party immediately withdrew from the ball. Herr Dinger read a letter from the seceding extremists, in which the seceders declared they would no longer belong to a party which called itself the Socialist party while it renounced democratic principles. The congress thereupon adopted a resolution advising the Socialists of Berlin to take measures to render abortive any fur-

ther action by the extremists, as they rely on their comrades in Berlin for support. An Herb That Cures Insanity. CITY OF MEXICO, Oct. 19.-An herb has been found in Yucatan which cures almost

any case of insanity. Gen. Miguel Negrete, the conqueror the French at Pueblo, is dangereusly ill. Three of the Indian chiefs who rebelled at Maxcanu, in Yucatan, have been taken prisoners. A company has been formed to plant 100 .-

000 India rubber trees in the state of Sina-

El Tiempo (newspaper) says the gambling houses here have decided to close, as business is very bad. Gambling-houses here are under government protection and owned by prominent private citizens and public officials, who pay a license to gamble.

Five Killed and Many Injured. BERLIN, Oct. 19 .- An express train to-day came into collision at Kohlfurt, Silesia, with a shunting engine. The express train

was derailed by the shock. Five persons

were killed and many were injured by the

No Wonder. China Invaded by Russian Explorers. Philadelphia Press. TIEN TSIN, Oct. 19 .- A frontier officer at Chang reports that he recently met a Rus- church toevery 1250 inhabitants in that city, The Western section shall be distributed as follows among the various branches of Methodism represented in that section: Methodist Episco- pal, 18 members; Methodist Episcopal South, 8; union to its essential benefits. Deser- were speedily quenched. The loss is trifling.

that he protested against this invasion of Chinese territory, but the Russians, being in greater force than the Chinese, disregarded the protest and continued their march. One division of Russians proceeded to Alichar, in the Pamir territory, and another division marched

toward the great Pamir territory. 2,000,000 Roubles Not Paid for Fun. VIENNA, Oct. 19.-The Austrian minister at Belgrade, Baron Theemel, has made a

formal request for information from the regency as to the reported mortgaging by ex-King Milan a Russian bank of certain alleged rights in Servia for the sum of 2,000,000 roubles advanced by the bank. As Milan is not known to have any individual property in Servia, a sus-picion prevails in Vienna that the Russian government has paid Milan two millions in order to vest in Russia some political claim upon the country.
As King Alexander is likely to be unmarried for some years, and Milan is his son's heir, and also retains certain rights under the act of abdication, it is clear that Russia has not paid the money for nothing at a time when Russia has no money to spare for useless purposes.

Peasants Eating Dog Flesh. St. Petersburg, Oct. 19.-Advices from southeastern Russia state that extraordinary measures are being taken everywhere by the local authorities to deal with the distress, and that systematic personal application is being made to all the well-to-do for aid. The appeals do not bring in as much as was hoped on account of the stagnant condition of trade. From the district of Jetimchef comes a peculiar story to the effect that the dogs of that region, which are noted for sagacity and which are used largely for carrying burdens and other domestic duties by the peasantry, have nearly all disappeared, having been killed by their owners and others for food.

Russian Police Robbery, St. Petersburg, Oct. 20.-M. Glasonouff, the Russian musical composer, in whose house was found a trunk containing revolutionary pamphlets, the trunk having been left there by a female Nihilist, has been ordered to quit eight-hour labor clause which it Russia. This means the loss of 15,000 contained might be eliminated. This roubles to Glasonouff, that being the motion was carried in spite of the amount of the bail which he placed in the Two mortgages and one lease executed stand taken by the government, hands of the police when first accused in by Hoey were filed to-day in the and the House adjourned with the underconnection with the matter. It is believed that he was sent out of the country so that the police might keep the bail he had deposited.

Torn to Pieces by a Tiger. BELGRADE, Oct. 19.—An animal-tamer today entered the cage of a Bengal tiger, which attacked him, and the unfortunate man was soon torn to pieces in view of the horrified people in the place. Many of the persons in the audience fainted at the frightful sight. A report quickly spread that the tiger had broken loose from the cage and this caused a panic in the streets in the vicinity of the place where the tragedy occurred.

Mrs. Parnell's Condition. LONDON, Oct. 19.-Mrs. Parnell, widow of Charles Stewart Parnell, continues in a very weak and precarious condition. She is unable to sleep without the aid of drugs and cannot partake of any solid food. A physician and Mrs. Parnell's eldest daughter are in constant attendance upon her.

Cable Notes. The carpenters of London, after a strike asting six months and costing \$250,000, have resumed work. They have submitted

their dispute to arbitration. Mr. William Redmond has been selected as the Parnellite candidate for the parliamentary seat for Cork, made vacant by the death of Mr. Parnell.

The Berlin Kreuz Zeitung says England and Russia are exchanging notes with reference to the advance of Russian troops to annex the central Asia provinces. The Great Northern railway, of England will shortly abolish second-class carriages

on the line as unprofitable, and the railway authorities are said to have under consideration the introduction of Pullman According to complete official estimate of the harvest in Germany wheat is 18 per cent. below the average yield, and rye 20

per cent. below, while barley is 5 per cent.

above the average, and oats 12 per cent.

above. An epidemic of influenza, said to be similar to that which prevailed recently in Europe and America, is prevalent in Victoria and New South Wales, and has prostrated

many people of all classes. The deaths are not numerous, as compared with the numper affected. The Band of Hope Union of London, on Saturday afternoon, executed the project of a simultaneous visitation to one million homes, in order to secure adherents among

the children. Many children joined forthwith, and the organizers are hopeful that they will secure one million extra members. At a special sitting of the Argentine Senate a motion censuring the President of the Argentine Republic, Dr. Carlos Pelligrini, for requesting General Mitre not to abandon his candidacy for the presidency. was passed after a heated discussion on the subject. General Rocca and his family

have left Buenos Ayres. The garrison at Tlemcen, sixty-eight miles southwest of Oran and in the vicinity of the frontier of Morocco, has suddenly received orders to march upon and occupy Touat, the oasis in the Sahara concerning which France and Morocco have been disputing for some time past in order to pre-

Sultan of Morocco. The Pope has written to M. Harmel, the organizer of the French workingmen's pilgrimages which recently visited Rome, expressing bitter grief at seeing the French pilgrims "abandoned, without provocation, to the attack of an ungovernable populace." The Pope, in his letter, adds toat he is deeply grateful to the pilgrims who came to Rome and to "those who are prevented from coming by violence and iniquitous hatred." He sends his blessing.

What We Pay to Foreign Vessel-Owners. NEW YORK, Oct. 19 .- The National Sopiety of American Industry and Shipping League met here to-day for the purpose of indorsing the presentation of a memorial to Congress to be generally signed by farmers, manufacturers and laboring men of all kinds. It was represented that \$250,000,000 is the sum which Americans are paying to foreign freight and shipping interests, or, a per capita amounting to \$3.85. An adjournment was taken until to-morrow.

Released by Russians.

OTTAWA, Ont., Oct. 19.-Advices from North Sydney state that a dispatch has been received there from Capt. D. E. Mc-Lean, at San Francisco, announcing that the McLean brothers, who were recently captured by Russians, in Behring sea, have succeeded in regaining their liberty. The Captain states that his vessel is safe at San Franciso, and that his brother Alexander is on his way home to Cape Breton.

Railroads Must Be Elevated.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19 .- The City Council committee on railroads to-day passed an order requiring the corporation counsel to frame an ordinance commanding all railroads to elevate their tracks within the city limits fourteen feet above the street level. The order is the outcome of agitation over the number of accidents involving loss of lives at grade crossings.

Killed One and Fatally Shot Another. LIMA, O., Oct. 19.-Last night, while dance was in progress at Fort Seneca, Frank Workley, proprietor of the building, entered the hall while drunk and ordered every one out. Frank Lewis and George Williams attempted to disarm Workley when he commenced firing, killing Will iams and wounding Lewis, who will die.

Chicago Plays Without a Limit

Minneapolis Tribune. The Chicago Council talks of passing an ordinance limiting the height of buildings to the timber line. Some enterprising builders have tapped the perpetual snow level and freezing drafts in the elevators have caused an epidemic of pneumonia.

A Circinnati paper states that there is a and a saloon to every 100, No wonder the city Highest of all in Leavening Power. -U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

TROTTINGATINDEPENDENCE

Opening of The Fall Meeting at Which Fast Time Is Expected to Be Made.

First Day's Events Won by Bertrace Patchen. Douglass and Female Pirate-Several Records Lowered-Other Races.

INDEPENDENCE, Ia., Oct. 19.-The Independence Driving Park opened their two weeks' fall meeting to-day with a large field and a good crowd. This is, practically, a record-breaking meeting, and many marks are expected to be cut down to the lowest degree. Summaries: Three-minute class; trot:

Bertrace Patchen...... 1 1 Jourdan Wilkes.....4 Shermont.....2 Billy Creamer...... 3 5 Linwood......7 Three-minute class; trot: Douglass.....1 May Homer....4 Doctor II.....2 Senator Wapsie.....3

Three minute class; pace, unfinished: Female Pirate......2 3

To beat 2:30 class, Colonel Lillard trotted in 2:251/2; to beat 2:261/4. Hermatic trotted in 2:2514; to beat 2:33, Governor F. trotted in 2:29; to beat 2:18. Poem trotted in 2:1612; to beat 2:30 Jessie McCorkle trotted in 2:27; to beat 2:30 Mauston trotted in 2:284; to beat 2:40 Erua trotted in 2:23.

Lexington Running Races. LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 19.-The fall meet-

ing of the Kentucky Association (running) commenced to-day. The meeting will last seven days, and there will be five purse races each day. A large number of the best horses from the circuit are here, and good sport is anticipated. A down-pour of rain Sunday and last night made a heavy track, and fast time was impossible. The running to-day, however, was excellent and the betting heavy. First Race-Dash of four furlongs. Rook Laidly won; Rose Boy second, Reflection

third. Time, :5412. Second Race-One mile. Rooks won; Content second, Ed Shelby third. Time, 1:4712. Third Race-One mile and seventy yards. Donnell won: Outery second, Corinne Kinney third. Time, 1:5212. Fourth Race-One mile and fifty yards. Kinsiem won; Laura Doxey second, London Smoke third. Time, 1:51.

Fifth Race-Four furlongs. Clementine

won; Missal second, Black Beauty third. Time, :5234. Garfield Park Winners. CHICAGO, Oct. 19 .- The races at Garfield Park to-day resulted as follows: First Race-Three-quarters of a mile. Vedette first, Miss Lou second, Eddie R third. Time, 1:174 Second Race-Five-eighths of a mile, Paul Dombey first. Forrest Belle second,

Third Race-One mile. St. August first, Lew Carlisle second, Lizzie Gwynne third ime, 1:43. Fourth Race - One and one-sixteenth mile. Mary McGowan first, Royal Flush second, Guido third. Time, 1:48. Fifth Race-Three-quarters of a mile. Bon Air first, Warren Leland second, Tom Jones third. Time, 1:16. Sixth Race-One and one-sixteenth mile:

hardles. Robin Hood first, Bassance second. Bob Thomas third. Time, 2:204.

Kangaroo third. Time, 1:0214.

Nelson Will Go Home. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. FORT WAYNE, Ind., Oct. 19.-There will be no further races this year, at least, between Nelson and Allerton. C. H. Nelson. the owner of the Maine stallion, was in this city to-day, and said he would ship his horse home at once. While he was desirous of having another contest between the two horses, he would not expose his stallion to the rough weather incident to the late sea-Next spring he would start out early

and accommodate all comers. Won by Cephus. Boston, Oct. 19 .- This afternoon the unfinished race of Saturday for horses in the 2:35 class was completed at Mystic Park. The track was in very bad condition, particularly around the half mile post, where the bursting dyke flooded the track to a depth of five inches. The fifth heat was easily won by Lady Fay and

the sixth by Cephus, who had already won

two, and who made the mile in 2:2512.

Hanlon Defeats McLean. VANCOUVER, B. C., Oct. 19 .- Hanlon de-

feated Alexander McLean here to-day in a three-mile race in outrigged skiffs by two hundred yards. Hanion gave McLean thirty feet start, but before one hundred yards were covered he had passed him and was never afterward hard pressed. The water was in splendid condition, and the three miles were made in 21:31 4. Axtell Will Trot Next Season.

great trotting stallion, Axtell, have decided to prepare him for racing next season in the expectation that he will be able to lower all records. Budd Doble will have

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.-The owners of the

charge of him. Bishop Brooks and His Critics. New York Letter. Some of the rigidly ritualistic Episco-

palians have not yet recovered from their horror at the election and consecration of Phillips Brooks as a bishop of their church, and predict that he will be another Samson to pull down the pillars of the faith. am informed by a Western bishop that even after a majority of the bishops and dioceses had given their official consent to the consecration those who had opposed it got up a protest, had it signed, and would have laid before the presiding bishop of the church had they not become convinced of the futility of such a course. To this prelate I expressed my surprise that Dr. Brooks, the greatest of English-speaking preachers since Canon Liddon's death, should have accepted the mitre. His reply was that Dr. Brooks was wearied out with his twenty-two years of service as rector of Trinity Church, Boston, and desired to change. The cares of the mitre may not rest him much but Massachusetts is to be congratulated on her luck. She possesses the biggest man

side of the Atlantic. An Appreciative Frenchman.

They say in Francethat Paris is the paraise of women. If so, there is a more blissful place than paradise, there is another word to invent to give an idea of the social position enjoyed by American ladies. If I had to be born again, and I might choose my sex and my birthplace, I would shout at the top of my voice: "Oh! make me an American woman!"

How to Talk Through a Telephone.

Trains run by Central Stardard Time. Leave for Pittsburg, Baltimore, d 4:45 a m Washington, Philadelphia and New d 2:00 p m

From Indianapolis Union Station.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLES.

Arrive from the East, d 11:40 a m, d 1:25 p m and d 9:00 p m.

Leave for Columbus, 9:00 a m.; arrive from Columbus, 3:45 p m; leave for Richmond, 4:00 p m; arrive from Richmond, 9.00 a m. Leave for Chicago, d 11:50 a m, d 11:30 p m; arrive from Chicago, d 3:20 p m; d 3:30 a m. Leave for Louisville, d 3:40 a m. 8:00 a m, d 3:30 p m. Arrive from Louisville, d 11:45 a m. 6 p m; d 10:50 p m. Leave for Columbus, Ind., 4:30 p m. Arrive from Columbus, 10:25 a m. Leave for Vincennes and Cairo, 7:30 a m. 4:10 m; arrive from Vincennes and Cairo, 10:55 a m, 5:05 p m.

d, daily; other trains except Sunday.

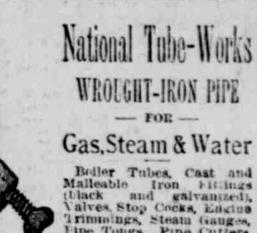
VANDALIA LINE. TO ST. LOUIS AND THE WEST.

At Indianapolis Union Station: Leave for St. Louis 7:30 a.m., 11:50 a. m., 1:35 p. m., 11:00 p. m. All trains connect at Terre Haute for E. & T. H. points. Evansville sleeper on 11:00 p. m. train. Greencastle and Terre Haute Acc., leaves 4:03

Arrive from St. Louis, 3:30 a. m., 4:15 a. m., 1:55 p. m., 5:20 p. m., 7:45 p. m. Terre Haute and Greencastle Acco. arrives at 10:00 a. m. Sleeping and Parlor cars are run on through

MONON ROUTE PULLMAN CAR LINE Leave Indianapolts. No. 32-Chicago Lim., Pullman Vestibuled coaches, parlor and dining car, daily11:35 are Arrive in Chicago 5:20 pm. No. 34-Chicago Night Ex., Pullman Vesti-No. 31-Vestibule, daily No. 33-Vestibule, daily...... 3:25 to Pullman vestibuled sleepers for Chicago stant at west end of Union Station, and can be taken at S.33

Ticket Offices-No. 26 South Illinois street, and at



ipe Tongs, Pipe Cutters, ises, Screw Plates and Dies, Wrenches, Steam Traps Pumps, Kitchen Sinks, Hose. Relting, Habbitt Metal. Wiping Waste, and all other supplies used in connection ith Gas, Steam and Water. Natural das supplies a spr cialty. Steam-heating Apparatus for Public Buildings, Store rooms, Mills, Shops, Factories, Lanndries, Luinber Dry houses, etc. Cat and Thread to order any size Wronght-iron Pipe from inch to 12 inches diameter.

S. PENNSYLVANIA SE

would become acquainted with that fact. That way is to stand back just a little ways and talk in an ordinary tone, as if you were speaking to a man a couple of feet away instead of to one three or four miles away, over a wire. Don't yell, don't whisper, simply speak in an ordinary tone and distinctly. The words are carried by electricity, not by the force of your enunciation. The instrument is not to be compared to a deaf man, but, to the opposite,

is exceedingly sensitive.

Movements of Steamers. QUEENSTOWN, Oct. 19 .- The steamer British Princess, Captain Freeth, from Philadelphia for Liverpool, which arrived here to-day, reports having the steamer Scythia, from Boston, Oct. 10, for Liverpool. The Scythia had in tow the Dutch steamer Edam, before reported as being disabled, having lost her propeller. The Scythia was making for

Queenstown. QUEENSTOWN, Oct. 19 .- Arrived: British Princess, from Philadelphia. NEW YORK, Oct. 19 .- Arrived: Rhætia,

from Hamburg; Servia, from Liverpool. Paid Out \$100,000 Illegally.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 19 .- To-day J. Alexander Simpson, jr., completed his report on the bill filed by Samuel E. Mairs, representing the certificate-holders of the defunct Benevolent Order of Earnest Workers, asking for an accounting by the supreme officers in favor of Mr. Mairs's petition, and recommends a decree of the court, charging Edwin T. Harris, the ex-supreme president, and Harry C. Gurk, the ex-supreme secretary, with from \$111,000 to \$116,000, which he finds was illegally used or paid out by those officers.

Stage Robbed by a Lone Highwayman. REDDING, Cal., Oct. 19 .- The Redding & Weaverville stage was stopped by masked highwaymen this evening when about a mile and a half from Redding. A man armed with a double-barreled shotgun stopped the driver and demanded the Wells, Fargo & Co.'s box. There were four passengers on the board, but they were not molested. As soon as he got the box the robber told the driver to drive on and give his regards to the dear people of Redding. Under Sheriff Ross organized a posse

and started in pursuit. The loss will be Troops at Clifton Forge Unnecessary, CLIFTON FORGE, Va., Oct. 19 .- A detachment of Monticello Guards, of Charlotteville, have arrived here under Captain Keller. All is quiet. The action of citizens last night, in arming themselves, is regarded as a wise precaution, but the ordering of troops is thought to have been unnecessary. It is not believed that there will be any attempted outbreak of the negroes.

WARM weather often causes extreme tired. feeling and debility, and in the weakened condition of the system diseases arising from impure blood are liable to appear. To gain strength, to overcome disease, and to purify, vitalize and enrich the blood, take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

